## ZEON

## Patents using Cyclopentyl methyl ether (CPME)

Ver. 2.0


ZEON CORPORATION
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## 1 Nucleophilic substitution reaction (Alkylation, Amination, Hydrogenolysis etc.)

No. 1
Organometallic reaction
$\mathrm{SP}^{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}$ Nucleophilic substitution Lithium zincate reagent
EP 2488515 B1 (Janssen Pharmaceuticals )

ii) $\mathrm{ZnBr}_{2}, 15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
iii) $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}$



No. 2
Organometallic reaction
$\mathrm{SP}^{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}$ Nucleophilic substitution Organozinc reaction

CN 106188022 ( SHANGHAI INSTITUTE OF PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY)


No. 3

US 8,871,942 (Kaken Pharmaceutical )
SP ${ }^{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}$ Nucleophilic substitution
Ring opening reaction


## No. 4

WO 2018/170306 (MODERNATX, INC.)
$S P^{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}$ Nucleophilic substitution




No. 5


## No. 6



## No. 7




## No. 8

## Nucleophilic substitution

CN 108129510 ( INSTITUTE OF CHEMISTRY CHINESE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES )


## No. 9

WO 2016/039691 ( NANYANG TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY )
$S P^{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}$ Nucleophilic substitution
asymmetric alkylation of Sulfonate anion


## 2 Addition reaction to carbonyl(C=0), imino(C=NH) and nitrile(CN)

## 2-1 Addition of organometallic compound

## No. 10

> Organometallic reaction
> Addition reaction to carbonyl
> Reformatsky reaction


No. 11

US 8,981,097 ( Rusan Pharma )

> Organometallic reaction
> Addition reaction to carbonyl Grignard reagent


## No. 12

Organometallic reaction
Addition reaction to carbonyl
Grignard reaction

EP 3309142 ( Zhejiang Huahai Pharmaceuticals )


## No. 13

Organometallic reaction
Addition reaction to cark Grignard reaction


## No. 14

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CN 105348172 ( XINFA PHARMACEUTICAL )


\section*{No. 15}

Grignard reaction
US 10,214,554 ( Merck Sharp \& Dohme )


\section*{No. 16}

Grignard reaction
CN 109970681 ( ANHUI HAIKANG PHARMACEUTICAL )


\section*{No. 17}

CN 107759574 ( PHARMABLOCK SCIENCES )
Organometallic reaction Addition reaction to carbonyl




\section*{No. 18}

Organometallic reaction Addition reaction to carbons

CN 107903209 ( SHANGHAI TBBMED )


\section*{No. 19}

\section*{Organometallic reaction Silylation} CN 108003016 ( SHANGHAI TBBMED )



\section*{No. 20}

Organometallic reaction
Addition reaction to carbonyl
CN 106083563 ( CANGZHOU PURUI DONGFANG SCIENCE \& TECHNOLOGY )

y. \(55 \%\) (purity \(99.5 \%\) )

\section*{2-2 Adition of Enolates}

No. 21


No. 22

CN 107540623 ( HENAN UNIVERSITY )


\section*{No. 23}


2-3 Hydrogenation
No. 24
\[
\text { EP } 3357905 \text { ( Solvias AG ) }
\]

Hydrogenation


\section*{No. 25}

CN109761809 ( ANHUI HUASHENG PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY )


\section*{No. 26}

US 9,029,528 (Ajinomoto )



\section*{No. 27}

Hydrogenation \(\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}\)
CN 109704916 ( JIANGSU YANGNONG CHEMICAL )



\section*{3 Addition reaction to alkene}

\section*{No. 28}

WO 2016/179184 ( NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY )
Addition reaction to \(\mathrm{SP}^{2} \mathrm{C}\)
Michael addition


\section*{No. 29}

Addition reaction to \(\mathrm{SP}^{2} \mathrm{C}\)
Simmons-Smith reaction

WO 2017/024126 (INTERNATIONAL FLAVORS \& FRAGRANCES )

\(\mathrm{ClBrCH}_{2}\) 5eq, reflux \(2 \mathrm{~h}+58^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1.5 \mathrm{~h}\)
y. 78\%

\section*{No. 30}

\section*{CN 107759429 (HENAN NORMAL UNIVERSITY)}

Addition reaction to \(\mathrm{SP}^{2} \mathrm{C}\) Michael addition



AcSH 1eq.
\(-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 15 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{y} .99 \%(88 \mathrm{ee} \%)\)



\section*{No. 31}

\section*{Addition reaction to \(\mathrm{SP}^{2} \mathrm{C}\) Halogenation}

WO 2014/081047 ( DAIICHI SANKYO )
preparation of key intermediate for edoxaban


\section*{4 Esterification, Amidation and Deprotection reaction}

\section*{No. 32}


\section*{No. 33}

WO 2016/116335 ( Aeterna Zentaris GmbH )

\section*{Esterification \\ Lipase}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline CPME / THF & \begin{tabular}{l} 
N-Fmoc-doxorubicin-O-hemi \\
glutarate (\%, HPLC )
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \(1: 2\) & 84 \\
\hline \(1: 1\) & 85 \\
\hline \(2: 1\) & 88 \\
\hline \(5: 1\) & 90 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{No. 34}

CN 105838748 ( South China University of Technology )
Esterification
Lipase


\section*{No. 35}

WO 2017/221189 ( LAURUS LABS )


\section*{No. 36}

Organometallic reaction
CN 107522661 ( PLUS SCIENCE \& TECHNOLOGY )


No. 37
Nucleophilic substitution
Amidation
WO 2018/118830 ( BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB )


1 : diastereomer \(=9.2: 1\)

No. 38

CN 108503571 ( DALIAN ZHENGBANG INFORMATION CONSULTING )
Amidation

reflux 14 h (azeotropic dehydration)

\section*{No. 39}

\section*{Amidation}

CN 106478471 ( SHANGHAI HANHONG TECHNOLOGY )


y. \(79 \%\) (purity \(99.1 \%, 99.8 \%\) ee.)


\section*{No. 40}

\section*{Amidation}

WO 2019/161280 ( GILEAD SCIENCES )


No. 41

Amidation
EP 3533797 (Takeda Pharmaceutical Company )


No. 42

WO 2012/006205 ( THERAVANCE INC )
Deprotection


\section*{No. 43}

Crystallization
Deprotection
WO 2013/049617 ( Theravance Biopharma )

i) CPME / heptane \(20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
ii) filtration and dry
iii) 3 M HCI / CPME \(20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
(process iii) y. 87.8\% purity \(99 \%\)

crude oil

No. 44

\section*{WO 2013/123222 ( Theravance Biopharma )}


\section*{5 Transition Metal Catalytic Coupling Reaction}

\section*{No. 45}

Organometallic reaction
\(\mathrm{SP}^{2} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}\) Nucleophilic substitution
EP 2158193 ( Saltigo GmbH )
Kumada-Tamao-Corriu coupling


Organometallic reaction
\(S P^{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}\) Nucleophilic substitution Lithium zincate reagent

\section*{No. 46}

> SP \({ }^{2} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}\) Nucleophilic substitution
> Negishi coupling

CN 104341256 ( HARBIN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY)


\section*{No. 47}

CN 105503693 ( CHINA AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY ) \(\mathrm{SP}^{2} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}\) Crosscoupling


No. 48

WO 2014/075648 (ZENTIVA K.S. )
\(S P^{2} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X}\) Nucleophilic substitution Jordan-Ullmann-Goldberg reaction




No. 49

CN 104370685 ( HARBIN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY )
\(\mathrm{SP}^{2} \mathrm{C}\)-X Nucleophilic substitution Kumada-Tamao-Corriu coupling

i) \(\mathrm{Mg} 0.1 \mathrm{~mol}, \mathrm{CPME} 0.5 \mathrm{~mol}, \mathrm{t}-\mathrm{BuMgCl} 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}\)
ii) \(\mathrm{NiCl}_{2} 1 \mathrm{mmol}, \mathrm{PPh}_{3} 1 \mathrm{mmol}\)

0.1 mol


\section*{6 Borylation reaction}

\section*{No. 50}

CN 106966871 ( DALIAN QIKAI MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY )

Organometallic reaction Grignard reagent Borylation


\section*{No. 51}

CN 105566368 ( CANGZHOU PURUI DONGFANG SCIENCE \& TECHNOLOGY )


\section*{No. 52}

CN 107892699 ( CANGZHOU PURUI DONGFANG SCIENCE \& TECHNOLOGY )


Organometallic reaction Borylation
99.4\%, y. 76\%(purity 99.4\%)

\section*{No. 53}

> Grignard reaction
> Borylation

CN 110041354 ( ZHENJIANG JUJIE NEW MATERIAL TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT CENTER )
\[
\text { Br-C6F5 } \begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { i) } \mathrm{CPME}, \mathrm{Mg}, 1,2-\mathrm{di}-\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \\
\text { ii) toluene, } \mathrm{BF}_{3} / \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\
\text { iii) } \mathrm{HCl}, \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}
\end{array}
\end{aligned} \mathrm{~K}^{+} \cdot \mathrm{B}^{-} \text {(C6F5)4 }
\]

No. 54


\section*{No. 55}

Organometallic reaction
\(\mathrm{SP}^{3} \mathrm{C}\) - H Borylation
US 10010879 ( Tosoh Organic Chemical )

polystyrene-phosphane \(2 \mathrm{~mol} \%\)
CPME, \(60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 15 \mathrm{~h}\) y. \(82 \%\)

No. 56


\section*{7 Silylation reaction}

\section*{No. 57}

\section*{SP \({ }^{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}\) Silylation}

CN 108912160 ( QINGDAO UNIVERSITY )


No. 58

\section*{CN 108587456 ( SHENZHEN ETSUCH TECHNOLOGY )}

Silylation


No. 59
Nucleophilic substitution
Silylation
CN 107880015 ( SHANGHAI TBBMED )


No. 60

Organometallic reaction
CN 108003016 ( SHANGHAI TBBMED )
Silylation



\section*{8 Indole synthesis,Fluorination and Oxidation reactions}

\section*{No. 61}

Indole synthesis
CN 103864665 ( SUZHOU TERUI PHARMACEUTICAL )



\section*{No. 62}

CN 109665984 ( NANJING TECH UNIVERSITY )
Indole synthesis


No. 63
CN 109824472 ( NANJING TECH UNIVERSITY )

Substitution reaction
Fluorination


CN 110015983 ( EAST CHINA NORMAL UNIVERSITY )


\section*{No. 65}

\section*{Purification}

CN 104230669 ( SUZHOU FEIXIANG NEW MATERIAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE )

p:m:2,6-di=16.5\%:81.6\%:1.9\%
y. 86\%(purity 99.6\%)

No. 66

CN 104356155 ( ZHEJIANG NEO-DANKONG PHARMACEUTICAL )
Purification

i) \(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{LiOH}, 40-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
ii) CPME extration

y. \(86.5 \%\)

\section*{No. 67}
iii)aqueous phase

HClaq, CPME extraction


Purification
CN 106588837 ( ADVANBIOCHEM )

i) \(6 \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{HClaq}\). , rt 1 h
ii) extraction with CPME
iii) crystallization
y. \(90 \%\)


\section*{10 Crystallization}

\section*{10-1 Creation of new crystal form}

\section*{No. 68}

\section*{CN 104341315 ( SHANGHAI SYNCORES TECHNOLOGIES )}

Crystallization preparation of agomelatine crystal form I (brand name Valdoxan )


\section*{No. 69}

WO 2017/084644 (Zentiva K.S. )
new crystalline form of Canagliflozin


HPLC 99.52\%

Crystallization
polymorph X-C of Canagliflozin yield 70\%, HPLC 99.5\%

\section*{No. 70}

CN 104804054 ( CHARM PHARMATECH )
Crystallization
novel Sofosbuvir crystal form H7


\section*{No. 71}

CN 104829673 ( NANJING QICHANG PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY )
Crystallization
novel crystallization method for preparing a sofosbuvir crystal form 6



50g (amorphous, purity 95.0\%)

\section*{No. 72}

WO 2012/123325 ( MEDICHEM )
Crystallization
new crystal forms of asenapine maleate


\section*{No. 73}

WO 2016/092561 (LAURUS LABS )
new polymorphic forms of ivacaftor


No. 74
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WO 2018/037350 ( LAURUS LABS ) } \\
& \text { Use for new amorphous form of lumacaftor }
\end{aligned}
\]

\section*{Crystallization}


\section*{No. 75}

EP 3296299 ( Taiho Pharmaceutical )
Crystallization
Use for new crystal form of an antitumor agent


\section*{No. 76}

\section*{WO 2019/038583 ( ADAMA MAKHTESHIM )}

Use for preparation of polymorph, hydrate or solvate crystals


No. 77

CN 109988112 ( SICHUAN KELUN PHARMACEUTICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE )
Use for crystallization of lenvatinib mesylate


\section*{10-2 Optical resolution}

\section*{No. 78}

\section*{US 2016/0016885 ( TORAY FINE CHEMICALS )}

\section*{Crystallization \\ Optical resolution}


\section*{No. 79}

US 9,994,530 ( TORAY FINE CHEMICALS )
Crystallization
a method of producing an optically active 2-methylpiperazine

\(\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\), water
filtrate ( (R)-2-methylpiperazine content 19.7wt\% )
i) concentration to \(30 \mathrm{wt} \%\)
ii) adding 356 g CPME
filtrate 330 g water was azeotropically distilled with CPME at \(84-87^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
iii) concentration and crystallization distillation 205 g CPME and cooling to \(0-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)


44 g of (R)-2-methylpiperazine chemical purity \(100 \%\), optical purity 99.6\% e.e.
y. 68\%

No. 80

US 8,324,425 ( DAIICHI SANKYO )

Crystallization
Optical resolution

Use for optical resolution of a bicyclic amino acid derivatives




\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline solvent & Yield & ee \% \\
\hline Acetonitrile & \(8.5 \%\) & \(48.5 \%\) ee \\
\hline Ethylacetate & \(4.6 \%\) & \(79.9 \%\) ee \\
\hline Toluene & \(11.2 \%\) & \(85.0 \%\) ee \\
\hline CPME & \(13.8 \%\) & \(82.4 \% e e\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 81
WO 2014/102591 (RHODES TECHNOLOGIES )
Epimerization
Epimerization of compound 1 with \(\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}\)


\section*{No. 82}

Crystallization Optical resolution

Mori, Chem. Commun., 2008, 3882

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline solv. & yield & total impurities & (R)-Omeprazole \\
\hline CPME & \(69.7 \%\) & \(0.27 \%\) & \(0.58 \%\) \\
\hline IPE & \(94.9 \%\) & \(0.46 \%\) & \(4.19 \%\) \\
\hline MTBE & \(78.8 \%\) & \(0.25 \%\) & \(1.00 \%\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Esomeprazole (S)-BINOL complex

\section*{No. 83}

EP 3219702 ( Zhejiang Huahai Pharmaceuticals )

Crystallization
Optical resolution

(1)

No. 84

CN 109996793 ( NISSAN CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES )


\(+\)

(E)

\section*{10-3 Purification Isolation}

\section*{No. 85}
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WO 2016/142582 ( FERMION OY )
PREPARATION OF CRYSTALLINE SALMETEROL

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crude ( purity 94 area\% )

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ii) cooling to r.t. and filterig y.75\% purity 98.8 area\%

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\section*{No. 86}


\section*{No. 87}

WO 2018/091338 ( BASF SE )
Process for the purification of 1 -(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazol-3-ol
Crystallization
A) Protonation and pH adjustment \(10 \% \mathrm{HCl}, 20-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{pH} 6\)
B) Extraction CPME \(300 \mathrm{~g}, 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\), phases separation
C) Crystallization, Filtration, Washing, Drying the organic phase is cooled down from \(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) to \(-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) over 8 h .

59.1 g (content 99.4\% , y. 86.7\%)
600.3 g (13.5\% aqueous solution, pH 13.3 ) 0.348 mol

\section*{No. 88}

i) 2-MeTHF, AcOH, DDQ, \(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
or dichloromethane, \(\mathrm{MnO} 2,20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\)
ii) solvent exchange and recrystallization from CPME/MTBE


\section*{No. 89}

WO 2019/092546 ( OLON S.P.A. )
Crystallization

\(\xrightarrow[\text { ii) } \mathrm{Ct}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}, \text { clodronic acid, } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1 \mathrm{~h}]{ }\)
iii) \(\mathrm{CPME}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}\), filtration



No. 90

\section*{Crystallization}

WO 2019/200109 ( ARBUTUS BIOPHARMA )



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